GUAM BAR ASSOCIATION Office of the Ethics Prosecutor Guam Judicial Center, Second Floor 120 W. O'Brien Drive Hagatna, Guam 96910-5174

STEPHANIE FLORES,

Mendiola

Respondent.

2012 JUL 19 AM 11: 22

SUPREME COURT

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF GUAM

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Supreme Court Case No.: ADC12-002

ORDER RE: RESIGNATION FROM THE PRACTICE OF LAW IN GUAM

This matter comes before the court on Respondent's Application for Leave to Resign from The Practice of Law On Guam Pursuant to Rule 15; Statement of the Guam Bar Association's Ethics Committee; Stipulated Recommendation re Conditions to Be Imposed (collectively the "Application, Statement, and Stipulation"), filed by Respondent Stephanie Flores ("Respondent") and the Guam Bar Association's Committee on Professional Ethics and the Unauthorized Practice of Law ("GBEC"), on July 12, 2012. The Application, Statement, and Stipulation was filed under an Attorney Discipline matter captioned as Supreme Court Case No. ADC12-002.

## Factual and Procedural History

Previously filed with this court was Respondent Stephanie Flores's Attorney Discipline matter, ADC10-005, which encompassed six separate disciplinary complaints: EC08-009; EC08-017; EC08-018; EC09-018; and EC10-035. A Judgment was entered in this case on February 8, 2011. Pursuant to that Judgment, Respondent Stephanie Flores was immediately suspended from the practice of law for a period of not less than two years, with all but sixty (60) days deferred pursuant to Rule 12(b) of this court's Rules for the Discipline of Attorneys. Respondent was to serve a period of probation of not less than three years nor more than four years, subject to Respondent's compliance with all terms and conditions expressly enumerated in the Judgment. Such conditions included restitution, reporting, cooperation, and

the payment of specified costs. Respondent was ordered to pay was \$10,417.00 in restitution to the clients involved in the six complaints, as well as \$6,000.00 in costs and fees associated with the investigation of these matters.

The GBEC filed notice with this court that Respondent had not been compliant with the terms set forth in the Judgment rendered in ADC10-005. The court thereafter issued an order to show cause, requiring that Respondent appear and show cause why she had not complied with the conditions of the Judgment in that matter. On March 28, 2012, the parties came before the court for the Order to Show Cause (OSC) hearing. At that hearing, Respondent informed the court that it was her intention to file a petition to resign from the Guam bar pursuant to Rule 15 of the Guam Rules for the Discipline of Attorneys ("Disciplinary Rules"). Prosecuting Counsel Bruce Bradley, representing the GBEC, requested that the OSC hearing be continued for a period of sixty (60) to allow Respondent to file her Rule 15 petition and to allow the GBEC time to file its response.

The parties thereafter, by stipulation, informed the court that after the March 28, 2012, hearing, subsequent complaints were filed against Respondent, and advised the court that they were in the midst of addressing the new complaints in the hopes of including them in a global resolution of this disciplinary matter. The OSC hearing was later rescheduled for July 16, 2012. Prior to that hearing, on July 12, 2012, the parties filed the new disciplinary matter, ADC12-002, as well as the instant Application, Statement, and Stipulation.

This court has the authority to preside over attorney disciplinary actions through the Organic Act of Guam at 48 USC § 1424-1(a)(7), Title 7 GCA § 9101, and pursuant to its Rules for the Discipline of Attorneys. Having considered the stipulated facts and the pleadings herein, the court finds as follows:

Attorney Stephanie Flores, Respondent herein, appearing *pro se*, is currently suspended from the practice of law in Guam pursuant to this Court's February 8, 2011, Judgment and its subsequent orders in ADC10-005. By the instant Application and sworn statement, Respondent seeks leave of this court to resign from the practice of law in Guam pursuant to Rule 15 of the Disciplinary Rules while she is the subject of several investigations regarding allegations of further misconduct as addressed in detail below. The GBEC is a party to this pleading and has stated that it intends for the Statement filed July 12, 2012, to stand as its position statement regarding Respondent's application for leave to resign in the face of pending investigations of

misconduct and has expressly waived the notification to it contemplated by Rule 15(c) of the Disciplinary Rules, as well as its opportunity to submit such matter of fact or argument on the issue it may desire.

## Respondent's Application for Leave to Resign

Pursuant to Rule 15 of the Disciplinary Rules, Respondent seeks leave of this court to resign from the practice of law in Guam and expressly acknowledges that she is the subject of pending investigations into allegations of misconduct as described more fully below and that are separate and apart from, and thus in addition to, those incidents of misconduct already adjudicated and addressed by this court's February 8, 2011, Judgment in ADC10-005. Respondent further acknowledges that her application must include a sworn written statement, and intends the Application, Statement, and Stipulation to be such statement. Because no charges have yet been served upon Respondent regarding the pending investigations of misconduct, Rule 15(b) requires that Respondent admit to the truth of the allegations that have been lodged against her. Respondent signed and submitted a verification wherein she swore and admitted, under the penalty of perjury and of the laws of Guam, to the truth of the allegations contained in the Application, Statement, and Stipulation, and expressly consented to the Supreme Court of Guam imposing whatever conditions it determines are reasonable and necessary to insure the protection of the public if it grants this application for leave to resign from the practice of law in Guam.

## Admitted Allegations in Pending Investigations of Misconduct

1. EC11-005: On January 31, 2011, John Johnson retained Respondent to represent him in a child custody dispute, and paid her \$2,000.00 on February 2, 2011. A hearing was scheduled for February 9, 2011. On February 4, 2011, Mr. Johnson emailed Respondent to confirm that everything was in order for the hearing, and Respondent told Mr. Johnson that he had nothing to worry about and that she would send him drafts to review. She sent nothing. On February 8, 2011, this court issued a Judgment suspending Respondent from the practice of law in Guam in ADC10-005. Respondent made no effort to contact Mr. Johnson regarding his hearing the

following morning. Respondent did not appear at court for the hearing, but other counsel did and asked that the hearing be rescheduled. Between February 9 and March 2, 2011, Mr. Johnson repeatedly contacted Respondent's office seeking refund of his \$2,000.00. Mr. Johnson maintained a call log regarding 13 separate call attempts during that time. He reached Respondent once, on February 11, 2011, and Respondent assured him that she would forward the money to his new counsel. As of March 3, 2011, Respondent still held Mr. Johnson's money. After Mr. Johnson filed an ethics complaint and Respondent was served with it, Respondent refunded the \$2,000.00 to Mr. Johnson on March 11, 2011. Respondent made no effort to provide Mr. Johnson with a copy of the Judgment issued against her as required.

- 2. EC11-006: Information regarding this matter was obtained from CNMI ethics officials (described as CNMI Disciplinary Committee complaint no. 2008-01). The GBEC stayed the matter at the time the information was received, awaiting a determination by the CNMI ethics body regarding possible discipline, because consideration of reciprocal discipline was thought to be the most efficient approach to addressing the matter. Following issuance of the Judgment in ADC10-005 on February 8, 2011, the stay was lifted and Rule 14 Notice was sent to Respondent regarding the matter. Respondent was provided 30 days to respond to the notice, which set the deadline as April 4, 2011. No response was provided by Respondent. On April 5, 2011, the GBEC determined that probable cause existed to believe misconduct occurred in this matter pursuant to the "choice of law" provisions of Guam Rules of Professional Conduct 8.5(b) upon consideration of the fact that the current ABA Model Rules of Professional Conduct govern attorney conduct in the CNMI.
- 3. EC11-007: Information regarding this matter was obtained from CNMI ethics officials (described as CNMI Disciplinary Committee complaint no. 2007-05). The GBEC stayed the matter at the time the information was received, awaiting a determination by the CNMI ethics body regarding possible discipline, because consideration of reciprocal discipline was thought to be the most efficient approach to addressing the matter. Following issuance of the Judgment in ADC10-005 on

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February 8, 2011, the stay was lifted and Rule 14 Notice was sent to Respondent regarding the matter. Respondent was provided 30 days to respond to the notice, which set the deadline as Monday, April 4, 2011. No response was provided by Respondent. On April 5, 2011, the GBEC determined that probable cause existed to believe misconduct occurred in this matter pursuant to the "choice of law" provisions of Guam Rules of Professional Conduct 8.5(b) upon consideration of the fact that the current ABA Model Rules of Professional Conduct govern attorney conduct in the CNMI.

- 4. EC11-008: Respondent represented a party in a domestic case that was in the middle of trial before a Superior Court of Guam judge on February 8, 2011. In order to allow for additional discovery, the trial was continued to 10:00 a.m. on March 7, 2011. Later on February 8, 2011, the Judgment was issued in ADC10-005. Between February 8, 2011, and March 7, 2011, it is alleged that no effort whatsoever was made by Respondent to ensure that her client was protected with regard to the ongoing trial. A colleague of Respondent appeared at the continued trial at 10:00 a.m. on Mach 7, 2011, and asked the judge, on behalf of Respondent, to continue the trial until April 15, 2011. The colleague was contacted by Respondent that very morning, March 7, 2011, asking him to cover for her at the hearing. The colleague also indicated that the client had contacted him at 9:50 a.m. that morning and told him he was not coming to court since he thought the matter would be continued due to Respondent's suspension. Colleague did not represent the client - he appeared at the hearing solely on behalf of Respondent. Opposing counsel in the case explained to the judge the difficulty of not having had anyone to communicate with from and after February 8, 2011, due to Respondent's suspension and her failure to ensure that her client was taken care of with regard to the on-going trial. The judge sanctioned Respondent's client \$300 due to the opposing party having to appear at the March 7, 2011, hearing with her attorney when the matter was not going to go forward. The allegations of the complaint are relevant to Respondent's failure to abide by the Judgment in ADC10-005.
- 5. EC11-009: Respondent was retained by a client on March 3, 2010, and paid \$1,667.00 to cover attorney fees and costs regarding a child support and custody

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matter. A hearing on the issue of child support occurred in April of 2010. Respondent attended the hearing with her client. Another hearing was set for May of 2010. Respondent told her client he did not need to attend the May 2010 hearing. Throughout 2010, the client repeatedly contacted Respondent's office trying to figure out the status of his case but was never able to get any information. In 2011, the client contacted Respondent's office and was told that the case had been filed and was before a certain trial court judge and that they just needed the judge's signature on a document they had allegedly filed three times. There is no record in the Superior Court of Guam trial court case of Respondent filing anything whatsoever, other than the original complaint and accompanying documents, with regard to custody or child support. The allegations of the complaint are relevant to Respondent's failure to abide by the Judgment in ADC10-005. This client has confirmed that Respondent had not provided him with a copy of the Judgment in ADC10-005.

6. EC11-011: Respondent was retained on October 18, 2010, and paid \$3,000.00 to represent the client in a child custody case. On November 10, 2010, a hearing set before a trial court judge was reset for November 17, 2010. Client informed both Respondent and her office staff of the new date and time. On November 17, 2010, Respondent failed to attend the hearing. Client found her in the courthouse and reminded her of the hearing, to which Respondent stated that she did not know about the hearing. Respondent later assured client that she would do all she could to expedite the matter, and that she would file an ex parte pleading to do so. After several calls to Respondent's office by client and several planned appointments that were cancelled by Respondent, a declaration was prepared and signed by client on December 9, 2010, regarding a purported ex parte pleading that was to be filed promptly by Respondent. As of December 20, 2010, Respondent had filed nothing and had provided client with no explanation of why not. Due to Respondent missing important meeting and hearing dates and client's determination that Respondent was not properly handling her case, client retained alternate counsel and informed Respondent of this fact in writing on December 22, 2010. In that writing the client expressly requested a full and detailed accounting and reimbursement of the pre-paid funds not earned by Respondent. Following client's decision to retain different

counsel, client repeatedly tried to obtain an accounting and refund from Respondent. As of April 5, 2011, Respondent had provided no accounting to client and had reimbursed none of the \$3,000.00 paid by client. The allegations of the complaint are relevant to Respondent's failure to abide by the Judgment in ADC10-005. This client has confirmed that Respondent had not provided him with a copy of the judgment in this matter.

Respondent admits that she violated the following provisions of the Guam Rules of Professional Conduct (GRPC) in each and every one of the separate matters described in paragraphs 1-6 above:

GRPC 1.1 Competence. A lawyer shall provide competent representation to a client.

**GRPC 1.3 Diligence.** A lawyer shall act with reasonable diligence and promptness in representing a client.

**GRPC 1.4 Communication.** (a) A lawyer shall: . . . (3) keep the client reasonably informed about the status of the matter; and (4) promptly comply with reasonable requests for information.

**GRPC 1.5 Fees.** (a) A lawyer shall not make an agreement for, charge, or collect an unreasonable fee or an unreasonable amount for expenses.

7. EC11-013: Respondent was retained by Deborah Elliot in July or August, 2009, to represent her in a criminal misdemeanor assault case. Approximately three court hearings occurred between the time Respondent was retained and May 2010. Ms. Elliot alleges that although she repeatedly asked for information, Respondent failed to inform her of the status of her case or inform her at any time of what might occur at any of the hearings. Ms. Elliot moved off-island in May 2010 and executed a statement prepared by Respondent indicating that she would represent Ms. Elliot in her absence. Respondent was paid \$3,500.00 by Ms. Elliot as a flat fee to represent her throughout the entire trial court case. No engagement letter appears to have been executed. Ms. Elliot complains that Respondent has been unresponsive to her requests for information since the beginning of the representation and that Respondent has never provided her with an explanation of the status of her case or

any explanation regarding why it has taken so long, although she has requested such information from Respondent on many occasions. Ms. Elliot has had to secure alternate counsel.

- 8. EC11-016: Respondent was retained by Terry Ptack in early 2010 to represent him in his divorce case from its beginning to its conclusion. Respondent filed DM0207-10 on his behalf. Mr. Ptack paid Respondent \$3,750.00 as a flat fee. No engagement letter appears to have been executed. Mr. Ptack now resides in Arizona. He alleges that Respondent has routinely and repeatedly failed to communicate with him regarding the status of his case in spite of his repeated telephone calls and emails seeking information. Mr. Ptack has had to secure alternate counsel.
- 9. EC11-017: Respondent was retained by Peter Santos in August 2009 to file a quiet title action on his behalf in order to clear a cloud on a parcel of real property. Mr. Santos paid Respondent \$750.00. Despite Mr. Santos' repeated efforts to obtain information from Respondent and his repeated reminders to Respondent's assistant, Mr. Pickelsimer, that he wanted the matter to be filed in the Superior Court, it appears that no court case was ever filed by Respondent on his behalf and no legal work whatsoever was performed by Respondent on his behalf.
- 10. EC11-024: Mr. Alger retained Respondent in October 2008 to represent him in a criminal case in federal court and paid her approximately \$30,000.00. It appears that there was no written fee agreement. Mr. Alger alleges that Respondent's fee was unreasonable and excessive and that Respondent failed to communicate with him although he tried on several occasions to reach her. In or around February 2010, during oral argument on his motion to suppress evidence immediately preceding trial, it appears that Respondent referred to purported case authority that neither the federal judge nor her staff could locate. When later asked to provide more information about the case authority, Respondent failed to do so. Rather, Respondent began urging her client to plead guilty just as jury selection started in the case. Mr. Alger alleges that Respondent appeared unprepared throughout the case. Further, Mr. Alger alleges that Respondent assured him she would prepare witnesses on his behalf for his sentencing hearing but that she did nothing at all to prepare for the sentencing hearing.

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Respondent admits that she violated the following provisions of the GRPC in each and every one of the separate matters described in paragraphs 7-10 above:

GRPC 1.1 Competence. A lawyer shall provide competent representation to a client.

GRPC 1.3 Diligence. A lawyer shall act with reasonable diligence and promptness in representing a client.

GRPC 1.4 B Communication. (a) A lawyer shall: . . . (3) keep the client reasonably informed about the status of the matter; and (4) promptly comply with reasonable requests for information.

GRPC 1.5 B Fees. (a) A lawyer shall not make an agreement for, charge, or collect an unreasonable fee or an unreasonable amount for expenses.

11. EC11-028: In June of 2010, Linda Cruz retained Respondent on behalf of her incarcerated son and paid her \$3,000.00 to handle her son's divorce case. Respondent failed to communicate with her client or Ms. Cruz over the next ten months. Ms. Cruz eventually learned, on her own, that Respondent had been suspended from the practice of law in February 2011. Respondent did not do the legal work she was hired to do, did not properly communicate with her client, and charged an excessive fee.

Respondent admits that she violated the following provisions of the GRPC in the matter described in paragraph 11 above:

GRPC 1.4 Communication. (a) A lawyer shall: . . . (3) keep the client reasonably informed about the status of the matter; and (4) promptly comply with reasonable requests for information.

GRPC 1.1 Competence. A lawyer shall provide competent representation to a client.

GRPC 1.3 Diligence. A lawyer shall act with reasonable diligence and promptness in representing a client.

GRPC 1.5 B Fees. (a) A lawyer shall not make an agreement for, charge, or collect an unreasonable fee or an unreasonable amount for expenses.

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23 24 12. EC11-029: Mr. Frumencio Patacsil retained Respondent in mid-2010 to represent him in a felony family violence case. There was no legal services agreement executed. Mr. Patacsil paid Respondent a flat fee of \$2,750.00 to represent him through the conclusion and resolution of his case. Respondent did not inform Mr. Patacsil until April or May of 2011, several months after she had already been suspended by the Supreme Court of Guam, that she could no longer represent him, claiming it was due to her poor health. Respondent failed to properly communicate with Mr. Patacsil for many months regarding the status of his case, although he asked her for information repeatedly. While Respondent did appear at continued trial setting hearings on October 5, 2010, November 9, 2010, January 25, 2011, and February 8, 2011, she never explained to her client what was going on. Respondent was provided with a proposed plea agreement on February 8, 2011, the same day she was suspended by this court. A colleague of Respondent covered the continued criminal trial setting hearings thereafter on February 22, 2011, March 8, 2011, and April 26, 2011; however, Mr. Patacsil was never informed that Respondent could no longer represent him. Eventually, the Public Defender Service Corporation was appointed to represent Mr. Patacsil on June 6, 2011.

Respondent admits that she violated the following provisions of the GRPC in the matter described in paragraph 12 above:

GRPC 1.4 Communication. (a) A lawyer shall: . . . (3) keep the client reasonably informed about the status of the matter; and (4) promptly comply with reasonable requests for information.

GRPC 1.5 Fees. (a) A lawyer shall not make an agreement for, charge, or collect an unreasonable fee or an unreasonable amount for expenses.

13. EC11-036: Peter Alvarez retained Respondent in early 2009, and paid her \$1,000.00 to assist him in a civil action in which default judgment had been entered against him. At a judgment debtor exam (JDX) hearing on April 16, 2009, Respondent informed the court that a motion to set aside the judgment would be filed that day. The JDX was continued to May 14, 2009, at which time the parties asked for another

continuance. No motion to set aside the judgment had yet been filed by Respondent. At the continued JDX hearing on May 21, 2009, Respondent told the court that the motion to set aside the judgment had already been filed in the case, but must be in the system somewhere being processed. In fact, no motion to set aside the judgment had yet been filed by Respondent, and no such motion was ever filed by Respondent.

Respondent admits that she violated the following provisions of the GRPC in the matter described in paragraph 13:

GRPC 1.1 Competence. A lawyer shall provide competent representation to a client.

**GRPC 1.3 Diligence**. A lawyer shall act with reasonable diligence and promptness in representing a client.

**GRPC 3.3 Candor Toward the Tribunal**. (a) A lawyer shall not knowingly: (1) make a false statement of fact or law to a tribunal . . . .

**GRPC 1.5 Fees**. (a) A lawyer shall not make an agreement for, charge, or collect an unreasonable fee or an unreasonable amount for expenses.

14. EC12-013: Anthony H. Mendiola, II, retained Respondent and paid her \$10,000.00 in January 2010, in anticipation of a possible criminal investigation that might involve him. Nothing ever came of the matter, and no legal work was required or performed by Respondent, yet no refund was provided to Mr. Mendiola.

Respondent admits that she violated the following provisions of the GRPC in the matter described in paragraph 14 above:

**GRPC 1.5 Fees.** (a) A lawyer shall not make an agreement for, charge, or collect an unreasonable fee or an unreasonable amount for expenses.

15. EC12-016: Tricia Condoleta retained Respondent to represent her in both a criminal case and a probate case, and paid her \$27,650.00 in legal fees. Respondent regularly failed to respond to Ms. Candoleta's requests for status updates regarding the probate mater, and on nine different occasions did not file pleadings with the court that she assured Ms. Candoleta would be filed. Respondent's failure to diligently

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handle the probate matter resulted in \$10,000.00 in excessive attorney's fees being paid to her by Ms. Candoleta.

Respondent admits that she violated the following provisions of the GRPC in the matter described in paragraph 15 above:

**GRPC 1.4 B Communication**. (a) A lawyer shall: . . . (3) keep the client reasonably informed about the status of the matter; and (4) promptly comply with reasonable requests for information.

**GRPC 1.3 B Diligence.** A lawyer shall act with reasonable diligence and promptness in representing a client.

**GRPC 1.5 B Fees.** (a) A lawyer shall not make an agreement for, charge, or collect an unreasonable fee or an unreasonable amount for expenses.

The GBEC, by its filing of the Application, Statement, and Stipulation, concurs in Respondent's application for leave to resign in the face of pending investigations of misconduct, and requests that the application be granted and that this court impose terms and conditions upon Respondent as it deems appropriate. Based on this court's review of the allegations and admissions contained herein, the court hereby **ACCEPTS** the resignation of Respondent Stephanie Flores from the practice of law in Guam, pursuant to Rule 15 of the Disciplinary Rules.

## Terms and Conditions of Respondent's Resignation

The following shall constitute the court's order regarding the terms and conditions of Respondent's resignation from the practice of law in Guam:

- A. That Respondent shall comply with Rule 18 of the Disciplinary Rules relating to notification of clients, together with the other procedural requirements of Rule 18; and
- B. That Respondent shall waive all rights to seek reinstatement to the practice of law in Guam for a period of three (3) years, and that any such effort to seek reinstatement shall comply with the requirements of Rule 20 of the Supreme Court of Guam's Rules for the Discipline of Attorneys; and

C. That Respondent is ordered to pay restitution in the matters addressed above in the total amount of \$85,867.00 through the office of the GBEC Ethics Prosecutor to the individuals identified below. However, victims addressed in the Judgment in ADC10-005 to whom restitution was ordered shall be paid first, followed by payments to the victims addressed herein. Further, any restitution payments submitted to the office of the GBEC Ethics Prosecutor shall be apportioned pro rata to the victims each quarter or when at least \$10,000.00 toward restitution has been submitted by Respondent, whichever is sooner in time. Restitution shall be paid as follows:

- 1. EC11-005: N/A
- 2. EC11-006: \$15,000 to Eloisa L. San Nicolas (Saipan)
- 3. EC11-007: \$1,500 to Juan Torres (Saipan)
- 4. EC11-008: N/A
- 5. EC11-009: \$1,667 to David Artero
- 6. EC11-011: \$3,000 to Elizabeth Cevallos
- 7. EC11-013: \$3,500 to Deborah Elliott
- 8. EC11-016: \$3,700 to Terry Ptack
- 9. EC11-017: \$750 to Peter D.V. Santos
- 10. EC11-024: \$30,000 to James Alger
- 11. EC11-028: \$3,000 to Linda Cruz
- 12. EC11-029: \$2,750 to Frumencio A. Patacsil
- 13. EC11-036: \$1,000 to Peter Alvarez
- 14. EC12-013: \$10,000 to Anthony H. Mendiola
- 15. EC12-016: \$10,000 to Tricia Condoleta
- D. That Respondent shall be assessed costs, expenses, and attorney's fees incurred by the GBEC for investigating and prosecuting Respondent in the matters addressed herein and currently pending before the GBEC in the total amount of \$7,500.00 with such amount, together with the \$6,000.00 in fees and costs

assessed in ADC10-005, to be paid by Respondent only after restitution in this case (as well as in ADC10-005) has been fully satisfied; and

- E. That Respondent shall be assessed all costs, expenses, and attorney's fees related to preparation and publication of one notice in the Pacific Daily News and one notice in the Guam Marianas Variety newspapers, with each of the two publications expressly stating that an order has issued from this court accepting Respondent's resignation from the Guam Bar Association in the face of pending ethics charges based on her admissions to all allegations pending against her, with such notices to be prepared and published by the GBEC; and
- F. That Respondent shall be assessed the costs and expenses incurred by the Judiciary of Guam in retaining Rule 19 counsel in ADC10-005, to be paid by Respondent after full satisfaction of restitution and attorney's fees and costs in both ADC10-005 and ADC12-002, in order that the Guam Bar Association might reasonably seek reimbursement from the Supreme Court of Guam of the funds it provided to the court pursuant to the court's order to cover such expense; and
- G. That Respondent shall fully cooperate with the GBEC Ethics Prosecutor's continued investigation regarding any other possible misconduct Respondent may have been engaged in.

Respondent's resignation from the practice of law in Guam shall be effective immediately upon issuance of this Order.

SO ORDERED this 49 day of July, 2012.

ROBERT J. TORRES

**Associate Justice** 

KATHERINE A. MARAMAN Associate Justice

Associate Justice

F. PHILIP CARBULLIDO Chief Justice I do hereby certify that the feregoing full true and correst eapy of the originfile in the civice of the clerk of the Supreme Court of Guarr

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